



# SMITT TECHNOLOGY

INNOVATIVE FUTURE



**TOWER**

# FB SERIES TOWER

## GENERAL

Octagonal metal towers for supporting Telecommunication antennas.

These towers have the following main features:

- No welding: no weak parts or defects;
- "Panels"-formed modular structure: installation without using special cranes or large trucks;
- Easy transportation: it can fit very limited spaces as the panels can be stacked;
- Assembling: four technicians employed, without cranes, for about 12 hours working.

## FEATURES OF THE MATERIALS

Nominal yield point "fy" and ultimate tensile strength "fu" for structural steels according to EN 10025 (t ≥ 40 mm):

Steel	S235	$f_y = 235 \text{ MPa}$	$f_u = 360 \text{ MPa}$
	S275	$f_y = 275 \text{ MPa}$	$f_u = 430 \text{ MPa}$
	S355	$f_y = 355 \text{ MPa}$	$f_u = 510 \text{ MPa}$

Nominal yield point "fyb" and ultimate tensile strength "fub" for bolts:

Bolts	class 8.8	$f_{yb} = 640 \text{ MPa}$	$f_{ub} = 800 \text{ MPa}$
Nuts	class 6 S		

Coefficients calculated for the material:

- modulus of elasticity
- modulus of tangential elasticity
- poisson coefficient
- coefficient of thermal expansion
- density

$$E = 210000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$G = E / (2 \cdot (1+n)) @ 81000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$n = 0.3$$

$$a = 12 \text{ } 10^{-6} \text{ per } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$r = 7850 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

Maximum stress is obtained by a linear elastic analysis of the structure, according to the construction theory method; safety is verified by using the ultimate limit state method.

## DIMENSIONS

The tower can be from 15 to 36 mt tall and is comprised of eight 2.900 mm modules. The tower octagonal cross section is generated by the combination of 8 shaped plates, 6 and 8 mm thick, bolted together. The tower is fixed to the base through a plate and anchor bolts embedded into a reinforced concrete foundation. When the tests are performed, the loads on the structure are combined to give the most unfavorable state of stress for each module.

### STANDARD HEIGHT MODELS

NAME	HEIGHT
FB15	15 m
FB18	18 m
FB20	20 m
FB24	24 m
FB26	26 m
FB30	30 m
FB36	36 m

## WIND ON THE TOWER

The horizontal action of the wind is considered with the reference kinetic pressure, which is equal to (see wind load analysis § 6.1.)  $q_{ref} = 455.6 \text{ N/m}^2$ .

## WIND LOAD ANALYSIS

Reference speed:	$V_{ref} = 27.0 \text{ m/s}$		
Reference kinetic pressure:	$q_{ref} = 455.6 \text{ N/m}^2$		
Ground roughness category:	$k_r = 0.19;$	$z_0 = 0.05 \text{ m};$	$z_{min} = 4 \text{ m}$
Topography coefficient:	$c_t = 1.0 \text{ (flat ground)}$		
Shape coefficient for towers:	$c_p = 1.2$		
Dynamic coefficient:	$c_d = 1.0$		
Curve plotting:	$z = q_{ref} \times c_e$		



SMITT TECHNOLOGY SRL STRUCTURES FOR TELECOMMUNICATION

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